

# Quarterly Economic Summary

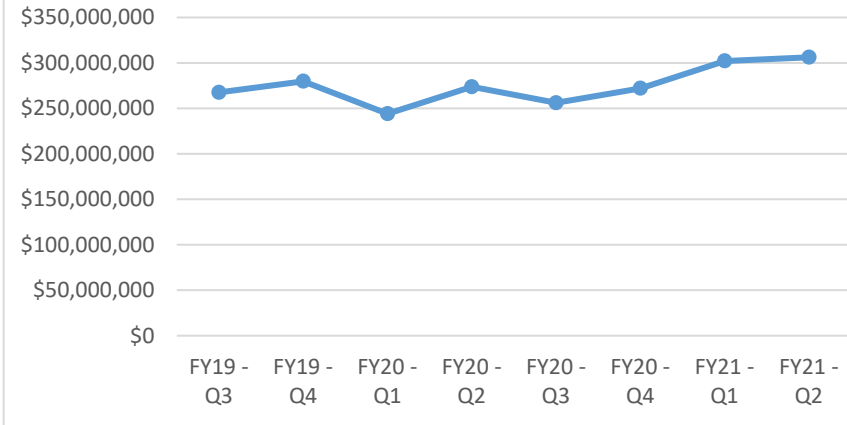
## Valencia County



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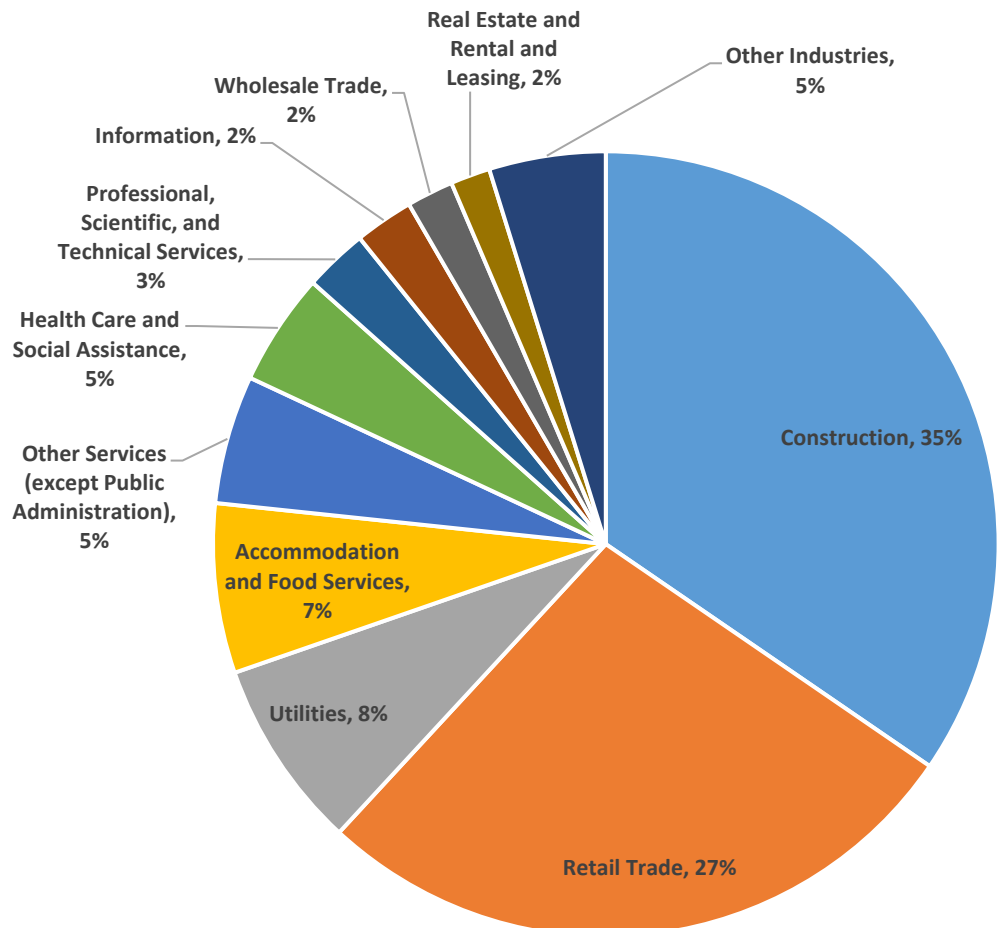
Chart 1. Matched Taxable Gross Receipts Per Quarter



New Mexico suffered another challenging quarter in Q2 FY20 compared to the previous year. The effects of the pandemic weighed heavily on business and consumer activity, and 18 of the 33 counties saw declines in year-over-year gross receipts tax revenue. Of the 15 with positive growth, several only experienced increases due to large construction projects. A new Public Health Order, which took effect on November 16, required many businesses to curb retail activities again to address the surge in COVID-19 cases.

Valencia County's matched taxable gross receipts (MTGR) increased by 1%, or \$4M, from Q1 FY21 to Q2 FY21, as seen in Chart 1. MTGR in Q2 FY21, \$306M, was the largest amount reported during the eight-quarter time period. Table 1, on the next page, shows an increase of \$32M from Q2 in FY20 to FY21 of the same period. The largest contributor to this increase came from the construction industry, which reported a \$29M, or 38%, increase when comparing the two time periods.

Chart 2. FY21 - Q2 Industry Size by Matched Taxable Gross Receipts



**Matched Taxable Gross Receipts (MTGR)** are the best tax data available to show underlying economic activity. The data collection process matches a tax payment with reported receipts for each taxpayer by industry.

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**Table 1. Matched Taxable Gross Receipts by Industry**

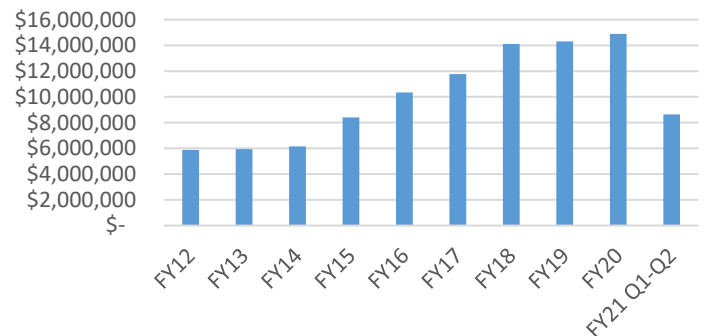
Industries	FY20 - Q2	FY21 - Q2	Growth	Year over year Change
Accommodation and Food Services	\$ 21,007,836	\$ 21,357,570	\$ 349,734	2%
Administrative/Support & Waste Management/Remediation	\$ 3,167,398	\$ 3,396,990	\$ 229,592	7%
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing, and Hunting	\$ 717,371	\$ 1,587,894	\$ 870,523	121%
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	\$ 737,066	\$ 527,212	\$ (209,854)	-28%
Construction	\$ 76,761,041	\$ 105,742,947	\$ 28,981,906	38%
Educational Services	\$ 168,646	\$ 239,267	\$ 70,622	42%
Finance and Insurance	\$ 1,040,129	\$ 1,064,015	\$ 23,886	2%
Health Care and Social Assistance	\$ 14,843,982	\$ 14,176,245	\$ (667,737)	-4%
Information	\$ 16,800,353	\$ 7,413,847	\$ (9,386,506)	-56%
Manufacturing	\$ 4,583,969	\$ 4,209,175	\$ (374,794)	-8%
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	\$ 57,246	\$ -	\$ (57,246)	-100%
Other Services (except Public Administration)	\$ 15,743,134	\$ 16,178,455	\$ 435,322	3%
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	\$ 10,004,662	\$ 8,035,517	\$ (1,969,145)	-20%
Public Administration	\$ 519	\$ 3,835	\$ 3,316	639%
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	\$ 4,606,109	\$ 4,994,419	\$ 388,310	8%
Retail Trade	\$ 74,849,904	\$ 83,566,762	\$ 8,716,858	12%
Transportation and Warehousing	\$ 2,793,376	\$ 2,572,520	\$ (220,856)	-8%
Unclassified Establishments	\$ 2,052,610	\$ 1,074,389	\$ (978,222)	-48%
Utilities	\$ 17,816,000	\$ 23,903,471	\$ 6,087,472	34%
Wholesale Trade	\$ 5,740,558	\$ 5,895,163	\$ 154,606	3%
<b>All Industries</b>	<b>\$ 273,714,113</b>	<b>\$ 306,170,103</b>	<b>\$ 32,455,990</b>	<b>12%</b>

The retail trade industry also saw a year-over-year increase, reporting growth of nearly \$9M or 12%.

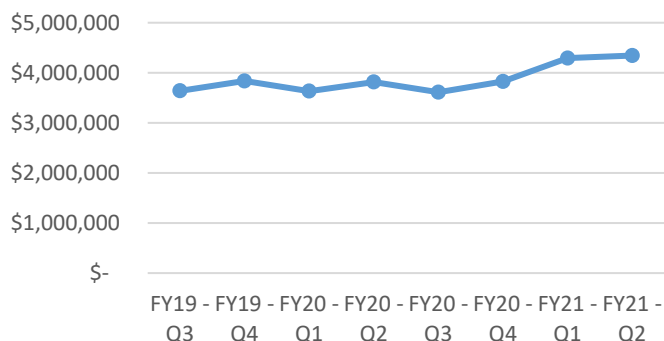
Gross receipts tax (GRT) revenue collections increased by \$51K, or 1%, from Q1 FY21 to Q2 FY21, shown in Chart 4.

Chart 5 shows an increase in the average weekly wage while quarterly employment decreased during Q4 of FY20. This increase in the average weekly wage is likely due to the loss of lower wage workers.

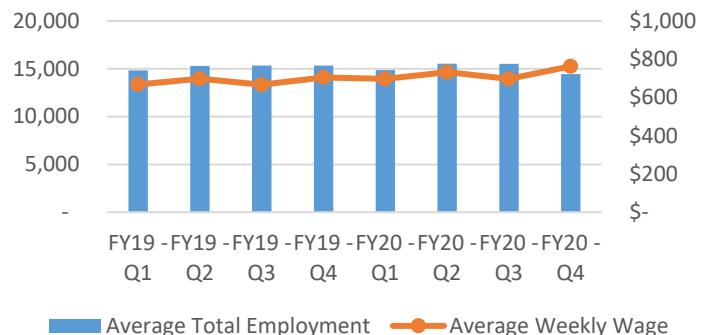
**Chart 3. Annual Total GRT Revenue Collections**



**Chart 4. Quarterly GRT Revenue Collections**



**Chart 5. Quarterly Average Total Employment & Weekly Wage**

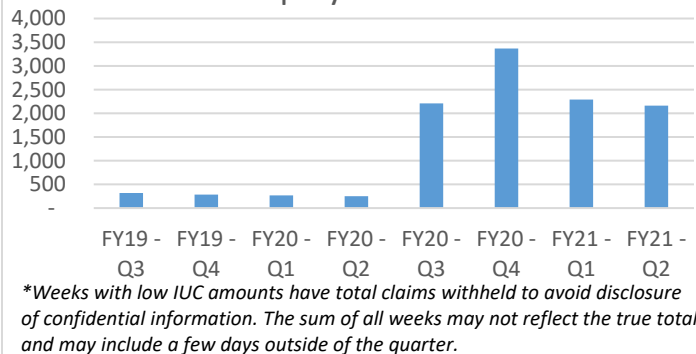


SOURCES: NEW MEXICO TAXATION AND REVENUE DEPT, NEW MEXICO DEPARTMENT OF WORKFORCE SOLUTIONS, U.S. BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS, U.S. BUREAU OF ECONOMIC ANALYSIS AND EDD CALCULATIONS

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Chart 6. Quarterly Initial Unemployment Claims



A significant unexplained increase in initial unemployment claims can be an early indicator of an economic downturn. Examples include seasonal job fluctuations, federal government shutdowns resulting in employee furloughs, or the closing of a major regional facility. The current unprecedented uptick in initial unemployment claims is tied directly to the COVID-19 pandemic and subsequent furloughs and layoffs by affected businesses. As we continue into 2021, it is likely the number of initial unemployment claims will vary based on the effects of the pandemic, and it is impossible to predict how quickly employment numbers will return to pre-COVID-19 levels.

**Gross Domestic Product (GDP)** is the value of all goods and services produced in an area. The percentage that GDP grew (or shrank) from one period to another is an important indicator as to how the economy is performing. Table 2, below, shows the percentage of GDP each industry accounts for in the total GDP, in a specific county and the state. The chart also compares the county to the entire state of New Mexico, by showing the impact of specific industry sectors on the county's GDP compared to that of the whole state.

Chart 7. Calendar Year % Change In Real GDP Year Over Year

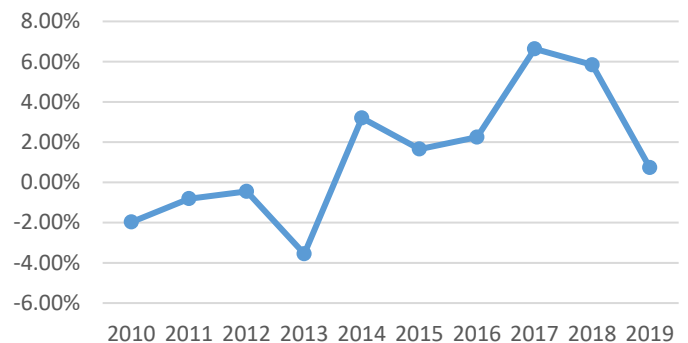


Table 2. Calendar Year 2019 Real County GDP and Real State GDP % of Total GDP

Industries	Valencia County	New Mexico	Difference Between County and State
Accommodation and Food Services	2.75%	2.92%	-0.17%
Administrative/Support & Waste Management/Remediation	1.25%	2.55%	-1.30%
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing, and Hunting	*	2.25%	N/A
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	0.14%	0.69%	-0.55%
Construction	10.93%	3.12%	7.82%
Educational Services	0.31%	0.51%	-0.20%
Finance and Insurance	1.65%	2.62%	-0.97%
Health Care and Social Assistance	5.45%	7.15%	-1.70%
Information	2.22%	2.82%	-0.60%
Management of Companies and Enterprises	0.70%	0.64%	0.06%
Manufacturing	9.83%	4.79%	5.04%
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	0.20%	17.38%	-17.19%
Other Services (except Public Administration)	2.74%	1.94%	0.80%
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	2.24%	7.33%	-5.09%
Public Administration	20.14%	20.81%	-0.67%
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	18.94%	11.65%	7.29%
Retail Trade	9.38%	5.57%	3.81%
Transportation and Warehousing	7.83%	2.40%	5.44%
Utilities	*	1.47%	N/A
Wholesale Trade	1.48%	3.06%	-1.57%

*\*Not shown to avoid disclosure of confidential information*